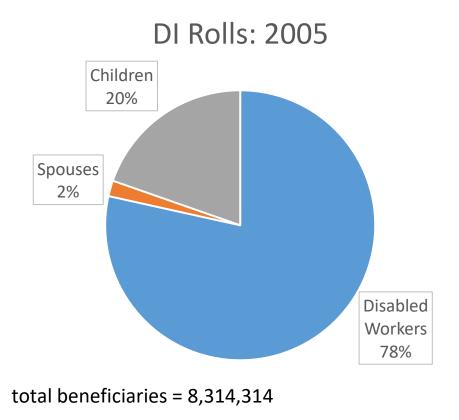
# Great expectations but poorer outcomes: Declining employment among a growing group of work-oriented beneficiaries

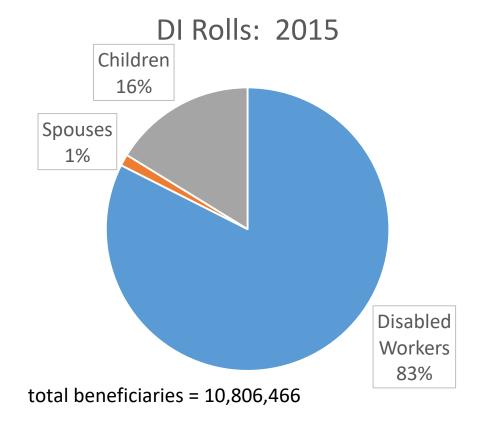
Gina Livermore, Purvi Sevak, and Marisa Shenk August 2018

## Main Findings of Interest (SSDI only)

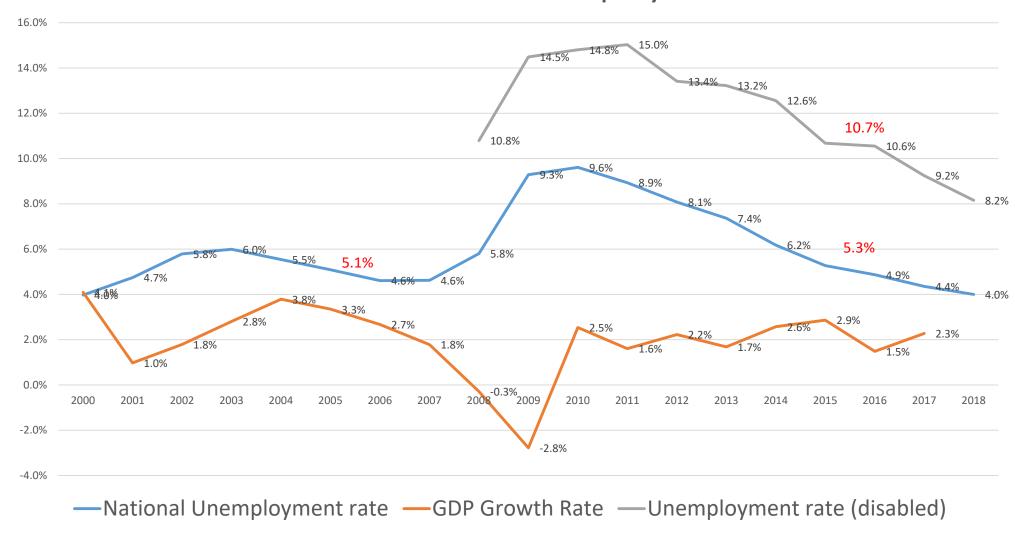
- Selected Findings
  - Health status did not change
    - Exception: Musculoskeletal conditions increased
  - Labor market experience decreased
    - Discouraged by previous work attempts
    - Not being able to find a job
  - Greater share of beneficiaries with work expectations

#### Composition of the DI Rolls 2005 & 2015

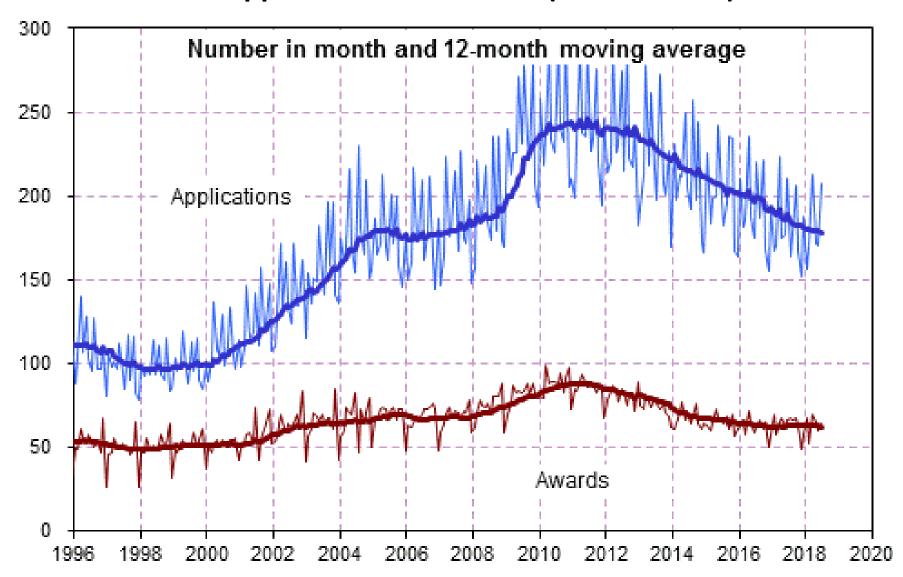




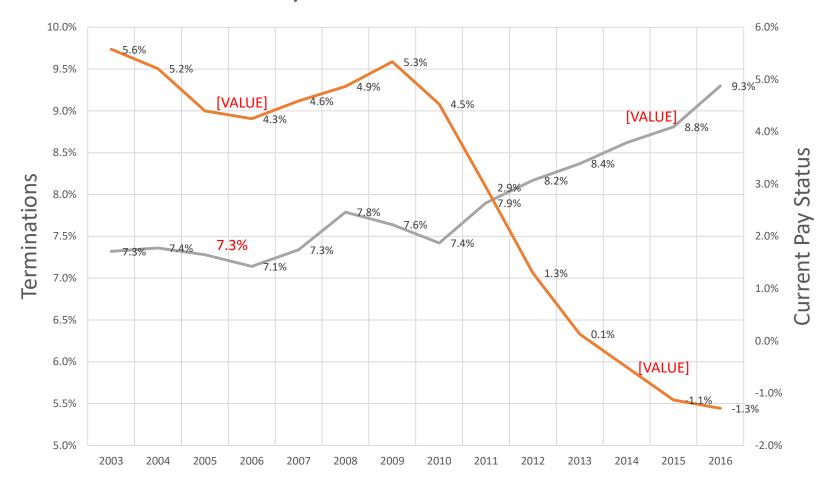
#### GDP Growth Rate & Unemployment Rate



#### **DI Applications & Awards (in thousands)**



#### Current Pay Status vs. Terminations



—Termination rate —current payment status: increase over prior period

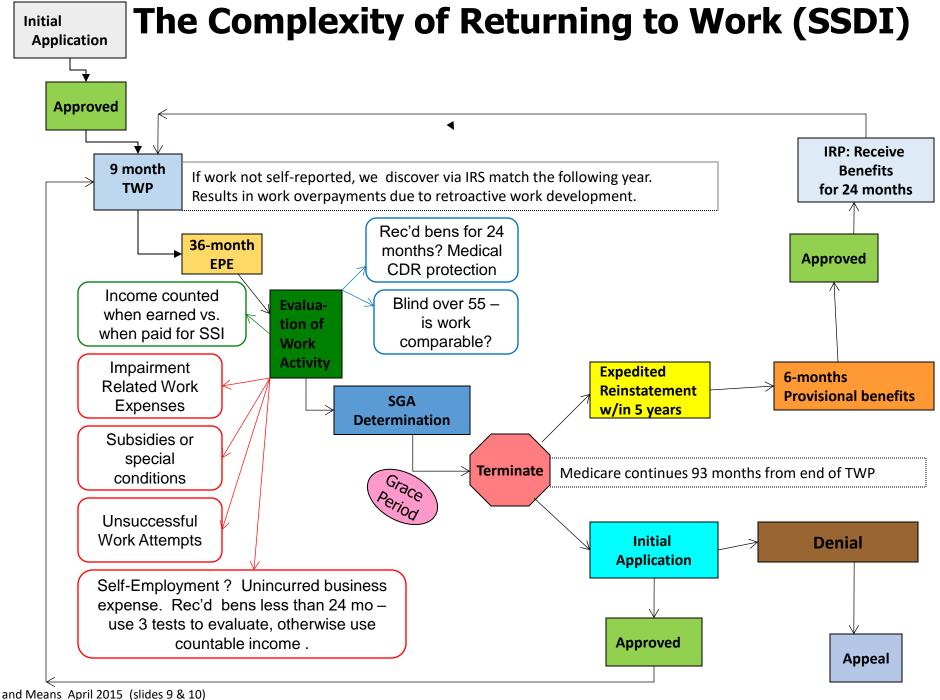
### What have we learned?

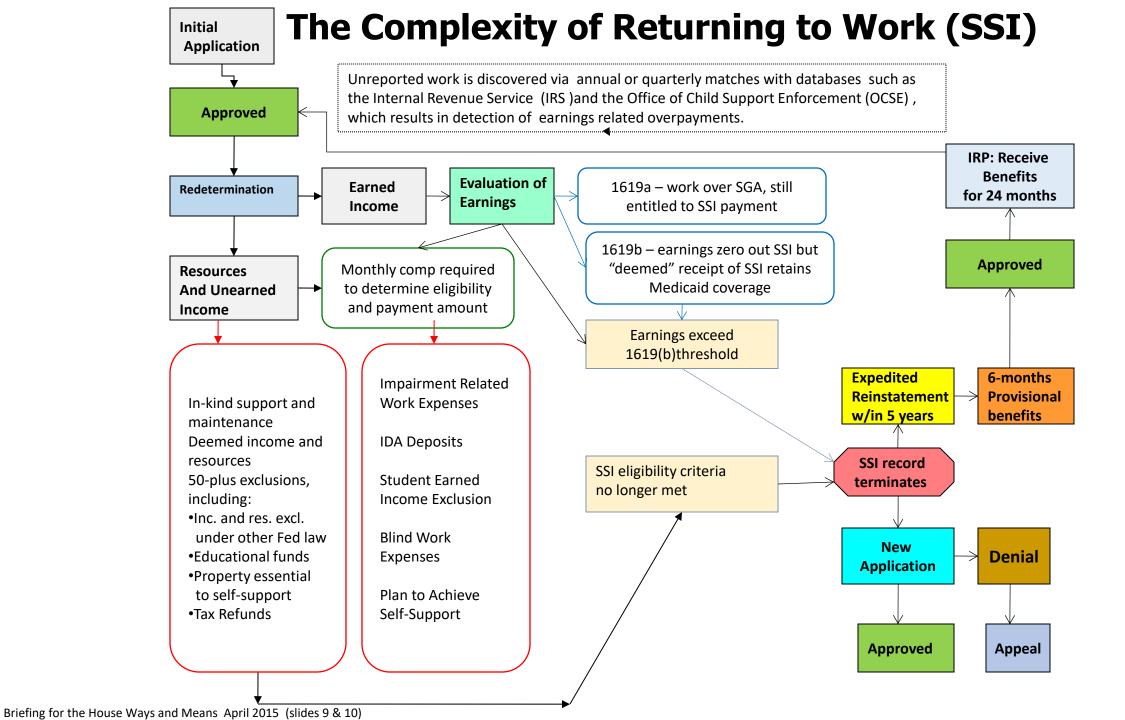
- Unemployment rates tracks closely with:
  - DI application rates
  - to a lesser degree award rates
- During periods of GDP certainty (2010-2017), we see:
  - reduced unemployment rates
    - nationally and
    - for persons with disabilities
  - For DI beneficiaries
    - current pay status rates decrease
    - and benefit terminations increase

## Interesting proposition

- Economic stability causes an increase labor force participation among persons with disabilities.
  - economic stability is not directly revealed in the NBS 2005 and 2015 analysis,
  - but would explain employment optimism in the 2015 survey

# Does the DI program reduce uncertainty?





### Conclusion

- Livermore, Sevak and Shenk (2018) "Great expectations but poor outcomes."
  - Excellent work summarizing NBS 2005 and 2015
  - Excellent descriptive analysis
  - Excellent policy recommendations from the analysis:
    - Low rates of awareness Educate beneficiaries about available work supports
    - Half work-oriented beneficiaries cannot find a job → targets for work-support education
  - Caution: Without more information, exercise caution when making further policy recommendations